

Multiple Sclerosis Update

**Providing care for our patients in a way that is
consistent with their Overall Health Care Strategy**

**Neurology for The Non-Neurologist 2023
Hershey, PA 17033**

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Disclosures

- I have no financial disclosures or conflicts related to this topic
- I run a large MS Program at an Academic Center
- I have a passion for giving my MS patients excellent care
- I have three daughters who need my attention

Objectives

- Review the basics of the Multiple Sclerosis
- To define MS evidence based lifestyle recommendations
- To link each lifestyle recommendations to their overall health

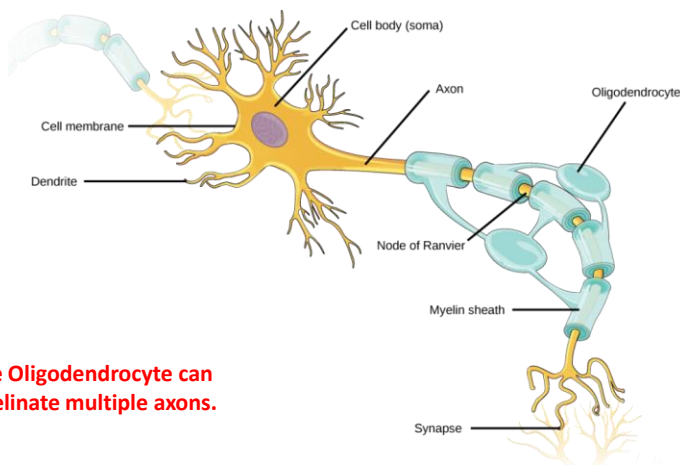
Agenda

- Multiple Sclerosis review
- Multiple Sclerosis Diagnosis
- Multiple Sclerosis Treatment
- Multiple Sclerosis Lifestyle Regimen

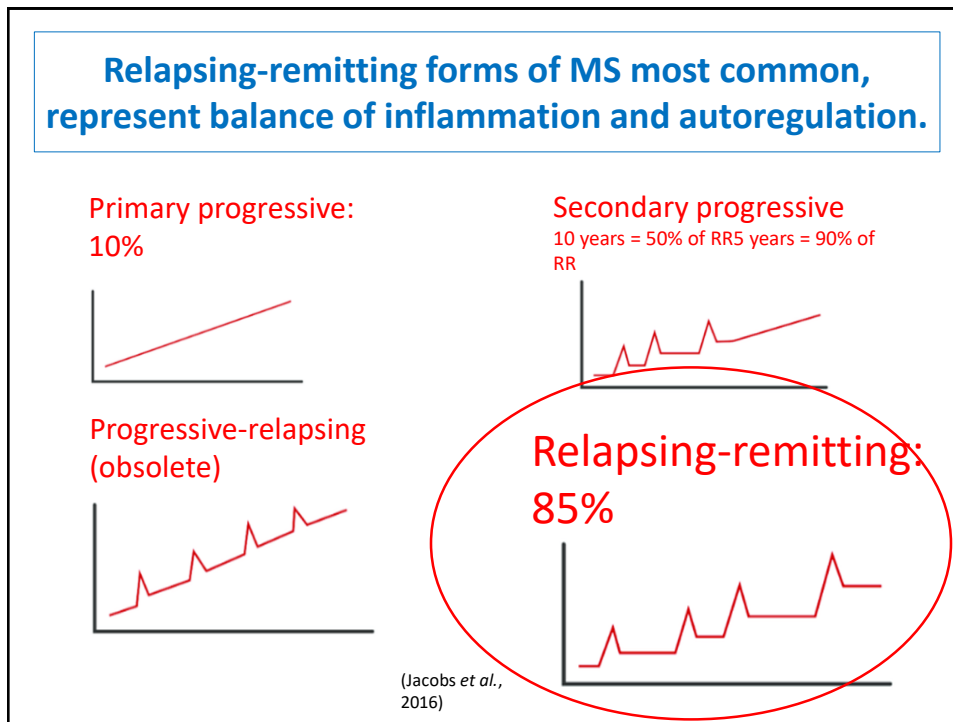
MS is an Autoimmune Condition

- Evidence of inflammatory cytokines, activated astrocytes and macrophages
- Biomarkers include CSF Oligoclonal bands (antibodies) and IgG (index, syn rate)
- Immunosuppressants and Immunomodulators impact disease progression
- Target is oligodendrocytes (myelin) with secondary axonal damage
- Only CNS myelin appears to be involved.
- Inflammatory lesions follow the pattern of vascular supply
- More common in women 3:1

CNS Neuron and Myelin Review



One Oligodendrocyte can myelinate multiple axons.



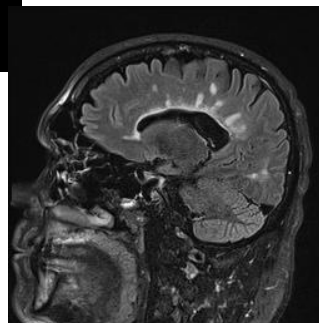
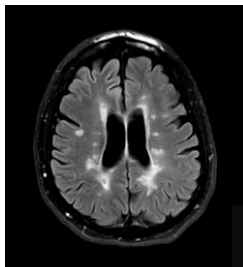
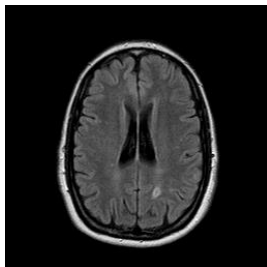
85% have Relapsing Remitting MS

- What does a relapse look like?
 - Gradual in onset (hours to days)
 - Focal neurological symptom
 - Usually a new neurological symptom
 - Not explained by heat (Uhtoff's Phen)
 - Not explained by any other cause

*"New focal neuro deficit in a 75 year old male is a stroke until you prove otherwise
25 year old MS patient is an exacerbation until you prove otherwise"*

Numbness Weakness
Blurry vision Incoordination
Double vision Tremor
Incontinence Pain

MS MRI



Periventricular
Perpendicular to the ventricle
Round or oval
White matter tracts
Corpus Callosum

The McDonald Criteria Relies heavily on MRI to make a speedy diagnosis

MS and EBV is complicated

Conclusion: Infectious Mononucleosis (IM) in early adulthood associated with a higher risk of MS later in life (HR 1.89, CI 1.18-3.05):

- Large data base evaluated (approx. 2.5 M Sweds 1958-2018)
- EBV can have variants (EBV A & B, type 2,3,4, 6)
- Childhood EBV usually asymptomatic reduces risk of IM
- “mononeucleosis” caused by EBV, CMV, other viruses
- Antibody testing is not reliable indicator of previous infection
- EBV proteins share epitopes with Myelin Basic Proteins
 - BRRF-2, EBINA-1, BFRF3

Bhargava, Pavan et al. High-doses vitamin D supplementation reduces IL-17 producing CD4+ T-cells in multiple Sclerosis Patients. Neurology. April 8, 2015

More MS Drugs Options

Self Injections:

Glatiramir

Interferons

Ofatumumab

Pills:

Teriflunomide

Fumerates

S1P modulators

Cladribine

Infusions:

Natalizumab

Ocrelizumab

Mitoxantrone

Lemtrada



We need to know patients risk tolerance and have a strategy for monitoring disease progression vs stability.

Bruton's Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

- Currently used for Cancer Treatment
 - Plays a role in modulating growth factor signaling
 - Unique TK proteins seen in AML, CLL, Breast, Lung CA
 - Targeting akin to MABs but smaller, oral molecules ?
- Masitinib, Phase 3 Clinical Trial (PRDBPlaceboC)
 - 611 patients randomized, PPMS, SPMS
 - Reduced EDSS progression over 96 weeks, p value 0.0256
 - Secondary endpoints: 25 ft walk, 9 hole PEG, QoL
 - AE: diarrhea, nausea, rash, hematologic events
 - Targets Mast Cells and Microglia (Envobrutinib targets B-cells)
 - Neuroprotective in ALS or Alzheimers?

1. Arora, Amit et al. Role of Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors in Cancer Therapy. The Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapies. 315:971-979. October 12, 2018.
2. Vermersch, Patrick et al. Efficacy and Safety of Mastinib in Progressive Forms of Multiple Sclerosis. Randomized, Phase 3, Clinical Trial. Neurology: Neuroimmunology & Neuroinflammation. Volume 9, Number 3. May 2022

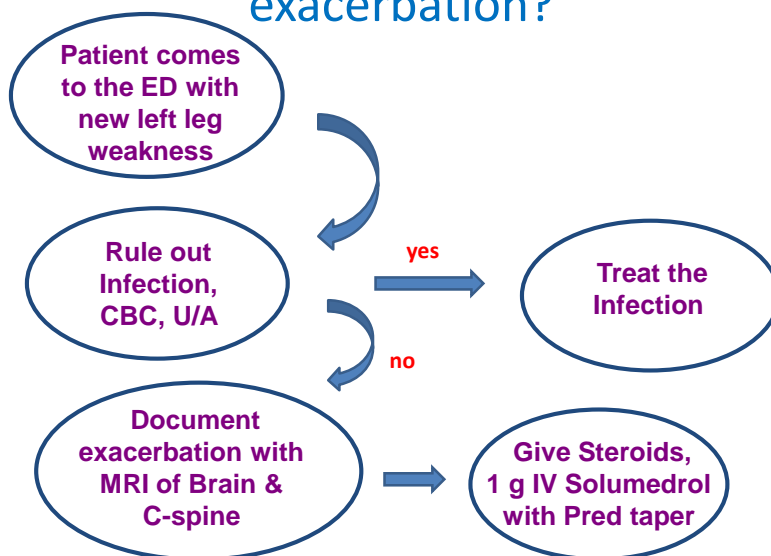
HSCT in MS

- 210 patients with RRMS, mean EDSS of 6, active disease
- Followed for 6+ years (1997 to 2019)
- Durable suppression of MS?
- Not randomized, no placebo, not blinded

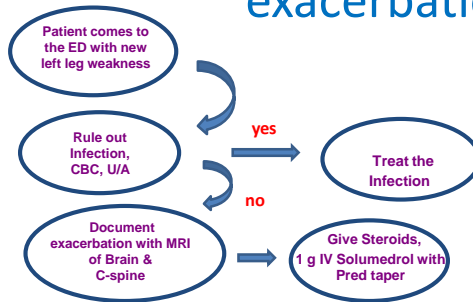
	RRMS	PMS
5 year NEDA-3	62.2%	N/A
10 year NEDA-3	40.5%	N/A
5 year disability free	85.5%	71.3%
10 year disability free	71.0%	57.2%

1. Boffa, Giacomo et al. Long-term Clinical Outcomes of Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant in Multiple Sclerosis. *Neurology*. Feb 23, 2021. Vol 96. #8. pp 1215-1226

How do we evaluate a potential exacerbation?



How do we evaluate a potential exacerbation?



The MS world has changed!

1. More MS Drug options (tolerate exacerbations less)
2. Many MS drugs suppress the immune system (more kinds of infections!)
3. Steroids carry risk too
4. Lab testing can help us manage patient

MS Lifestyle Regimen

More than 20 Vitamin D MS studies

- Vitamin D slows progression
- Vitamin D + Glatiramer or + Interferon
- Fewer attacks when Vitamin D is normal
- Vitamin D and pregnancy
- Vitamin D levels and MRI findings
- Vitamin D twin studies
- Vitamin D supplementation reduces IL17 levels ←

Consistent with other vitamin D study results related other autoimmune disorders including Lupus and RA and Myasthenia Gravis and Celiac Disease.

Bhargava, Pavan et al. High-doses vitamin D supplementation reduces IL-17 producing CD4+ T-cells in multiple Sclerosis Patients. Neurology. April 8, 2015

Vitamin D2 + Vitamin K2?


- a growing body of evidence suggests a synergistic effect of vitamin K combined with vitamin D for
 - Better bone density, fewer fractures (M & W)
 - Better cardiovascular health (less vessel calcification? Better insulin metabolism?)
- Studies used vitamin K2 45 mg/day + Ca + D3
- Supplements or food sources?
- **Small study suggest MS patients have lower K2 levels compared to age matched controls**

Adriana J. van Ballegooijen, et al. "The Synergistic Interplay between Vitamins D and K for Bone and Cardiovascular Health: A Narrative Review." *International Journal of Endocrinology* Volume 2017, Article ID 7454376, 12 pages
Laseemi, Reza et al. "Vitamin K in Multiple Sclerosis Patients" *Wien Klin Wochenschr: Central European Journal of Medicine*. (2018) 130:307-313



Vitamin D & K2 foods

Exercise in MS



- **Hundreds of studies on Exercise and MS**
 - Walking, running, weight training, yoga, pilates, PT/OT, swimming
 - Every study showed a benefit (fewer attacks, better balance, fewer falls, better energy, less disease progression, better memory)
 - Some function can improve or can be regained.
- **Exercise and vitamin D supplementation may work synergistically to improve vitamin D levels.**
- **IL17 and TNF-a levels reduced in patients who exercised** ← **New**

1. Backus, D "Increasing Physical Activity and Participation in patients with Multiple Sclerosis: A Review" Archives of Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation. 97(9 Suppl):S210-7, 2016 Sep.
2. Wong, Vicki et al. A Systematic review of aerobic and resistance exercise and inflammatory markers in people with multiple sclerosis. Behavioral Pharmacology 2019 30:pp 652-659

BMI and MS

- High BMI increases risk to develop MS
 - BMI > 30 at age 18, 2.25x increase risk of developing MS (NHS)
 - BMI > 30 in 20s, 2.15x incr risk even controlling for genetics (Kaiser)
 - Obesity as a chronic, low-grade inflammatory response?
- Higher BMI, triglycerides, non-HDL lipids associated with more frequent relapses and more significant disability progression.
- Norwegian population (643K people) based study 1963-75: Higher BMI age 14-24 associated with higher risk of MS (1.4x men, 1.59x women)
- Obesity/metabolic syndrome linked to accelerated rates of brain atrophy in people with MS.

1. Gianfrancesco, Milena et al. Obesity and Multiple Sclerosis Susceptibility: a Review. *Journal of Neurology Neuromedicine* 2012 (197) pp1-5
2. Tetty, Prudence et al. An adverse lipid profile and increased levels of adiposity significantly predict clinical course after a first demyelinating event. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry*. March 20, 2017. vol 88. pp 395-401
3. Fitzgerald KC, Salter A, Tyry T, et al. Measures of general and abdominal obesity and disability severity in a large population of people with multiple sclerosis. *Mult Scler*. Epub ahead of print 13 May 2019. DOI:
4. Filippatou A, Lambe J, Sotirchos E, et al. Association of body mass index with longitudinal rates of retinal atrophy in multiple sclerosis. *Mult Scler* 2020; 26(7): 843-854.
5. Hoglund, Rue et al. Association of Body Mass Index in Adolescence and Young Adulthood and Long-term Risk of Multiple Sclerosis. *Neurology* 2021. vol 97.#23. Dec 7, 2021

Benefits of Exercise (CDC)

- Improve your brain health
- Help manage weight
- Reduce the risk of disease (DM)
- Improve cardiovascular health
- Reduces Stress/Anxiety
- Strengthen bones and muscles
- Improve your ability to do everyday activities

<https://www.cdc.gov/physicalactivity/basics/pa-health>

Lactobacillus bacteria



- **Maassen, Catharina B M; Claassen, Eric. "Strain-dependent effects of probiotic lactobacilli on EAE autoimmunity" *Vaccine*. 26(17):2056-7, 2008 Apr 16.**
- **Drs. Sushrut Jangi Howard L. Weiner, and colleagues from Harvard's Brigham & Women's Hospital in Boston studying gut biome. MS patients have different bacteria!**
- **Kouchaki E, Tamtaji OR, Salami M, et al. Clinical and metabolic response to probiotic supplementation in patients with multiple sclerosis: A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. *Clin Nutr*. 2016.**
- **22 Preclinical (Animal) Trials Support improvement (Jinchi, Jiang et al. Efficacy of probiotics in Multiple Sclerosis: a systematic review of preclinical trials and meta-analysis of randomized control trials. *Food Function*. March 21, 2021. pp2354-2377**

Benefits of Probiotic

- Reduces inflammation
- Improve brain health (young and older)
- Improve stroke recovery
- Improve RA disease course
- Reduces the frequency of Migraine h/a

1. Elham Bidabadi MD, et al. "The Effect of Probiotics on Headaches in Children with Migraine Treated with Sodium Valproate: A Randomized Controlled Clinical Trial" [Iran Journal of Child Neurology](#). 2023 Spring; 17(2): 119-126.
2. Simona Gabriela Bungau et al. "Targeting Probiotics in Rheumatoid Arthritis." [Nutrients](#). 2021, 13, 3376, 18 pages
3. Chatuthanal Savigamin et al. "Probiotic as a Potential Gut Microbiome Modifier for Stroke Treatment: A Systematic Scoping Review of In Vitro and In Vivo Studies." [Nutrients](#) 2022, 14, 3661, 13 pages

Coffee



- Hedstrom AK; Mowry EM et al. “ High consumption of coffee is associated with decreased multiple sclerosis risk; results from two independent studies.” Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry. 87(5):454-60, 2016 May.
- MS patient who are Coffee drinkers do better (cause/effect?)
- Caffeine improved EAE mouse model disease
- Coffee drinkers may have a lower risk of Alzheimers and Parkinsons
- Coffee drinkers may live longer.

Verdict: Coffee is likely good for MS and all of us!

USA Coffee Consumption

- **68% of Americans drink coffee daily**
- **Top Brands (USAToday 2020, Harris Poll)**
 1. Dunkin
 2. Starbucks
 3. Café Bustelo
 4. Green Mountain
 5. Folgers
 6. Community
 7. Peet's
 8. McCafe/McDonalds



Coffee Benefits?

Heals Liver Damage from:

Hep B, C

fatty liver/NASH

Alcohol cirrhosis

Extend lifespan

“The exact mechanism of beneficial effects of coffee is not clear. Coffee contains more than 1000 substances, including caffeine, diterphenolic alcohols, potassium, niacin, magnesium, and the antioxidants like chlorogenic acid (CGA), and tocopherols.”

Wadhavan, Manav et al. “Coffee and Liver Disease.” Journal of Clinical Experimental Hepatology. 2016 Mar; 6(1): 40–46. Published online 2016 Feb 27.

Coffee and Life Expectancy

All types of coffee were linked with a reduction in death from any cause. The greatest risk reduction seen with two to three cups per day, which compared to no coffee drinking was associated with a 14%, 27% and 11% lower likelihood of death for decaffeinated, ground, and instant preparations, respectively.

Chieng D, Canovas R, Segan L, *et al*. The impact of coffee subtypes on incident cardiovascular disease, arrhythmias, and mortality: long-term outcomes from the UK Biobank. *Eur J Prev Cardiol*. 2022. doi:10.1093/eurjpc/zwac189.

Tobacco and MS



- More than 100 studies on MS and smoking.
- Weston, Mikail; Constantinescu, Cris S. et al. "Tobacco smoking and excess mortality in multiple sclerosis: a cohort study. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry. 85(10):1091-5, 2014 Oct.
- Every study consistently shows that smoking tobacco products can:
 - Increase your risk of developing MS
 - Increase your baby's future risk of MS if you smoke while pregnant
 - Worsen your disease progression if you have MS
 - **Reduce your "all cause of death" life expectancy.**
 - **Increase risk of lung disease**
 - **Increase heart disease, diabetes, rheumatoid arthritis**
 - **Increase risk of cancer**
 - **Slow bone healing after fractures**

Other Neuroprotective Options

- Taurine (anti-oxidant?)
- Berries slowed cognitive decline in elderly (correlation only)
- Omega-3
 - Improves memory testing
 - Less Brain atrophy
- Dark Chocolate
 - Acute memory (caffeine v cerebral blood flow)
 - Improves mood (gut biome/prebiotic link?)

- Black Tea
 - Improves brain organization, cognition
 - Improves BMD, reduces risk of fractures
- Green Tea
 - Improves memory, cognition and fMRI

Polyphenols? Flavonoids? Other antioxidants? Caffeine?

Additional References

Rafiee, Zeinab et al. "Taurine Supplementation as a Neuroprotective Strategy upon Brain Dysfunction in Metabolic Syndrome and Diabetes" *Nutrients* 2022, 14, 1292, 20 pages. 2022

Devore, Elizabeth et al. "Dietary intakes of berries and flavonoids in relation to cognitive decline" *Annals of Neurology*. 2012 Jul;72(1):135-43

Dighriri et al. "Effects of Omega-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids on Brain Functions: A Systematic Review." *Cureus* 14(10): e30091, 2022

Lamport, Daniel. "Beneficial Effects of Dark Chocolate for Episodic Memory in Healthy Young Adults: A Parallel-Groups Acute Intervention with a White Chocolate Control" *Nutrients* 2020, 12, 483; 9 pages.

Li, Junhua et al. "Habitual tea drinking modulates brain efficiency: evidence from brain connectivity evaluation." *AGING* 2019, Vol. 11, No. 11.

Shin, Ji-Hee et al. "Consumption of 85% cocoa dark chocolate improves mood in association with gut microbial changes in healthy adults: a randomized controlled trial" *The Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry*. Volume 99, January 2022, 108854. 8 pages.

Sun, Kang et al. "Association between tea consumption and osteoporosis A meta-analysis" *Medicine* (2017) 96:49(e9034), 9 pages.

Rahimlou, Mehran et al. "Probiotic supplementation and systemic inflammation in relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis: A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial" *Frontiers in Neuroscience*. 20 September 2022 Sec. Gut-Brain Axis. Volume 16 - 2022 |

The New York Times

Harvard Scholar Who Studies Honesty Is Accused of Fabricating Findings

By [Noam Scheiber](#)



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Over the past two decades, dozens of behavioral scientists have risen to prominence pointing out the power of small interventions to improve well-being.

The scientists said they had found that automatically enrolling people in organ donor programs would lead to higher rates of donation, and that moving healthy foods like fruit closer to the front of a buffet line would result in healthier eating.

Many of these findings have attracted skepticism as other scholars showed that their effects were smaller than initially claimed, or that they had little impact at all. But in recent days, the field may have sustained its most serious blow yet: accusations that a prominent behavioral scientist fabricated results in multiple studies, including at least one purporting to show how to elicit honest behavior.

The scholar, Francesca Gino of Harvard Business School, has been a co-author of dozens of papers in peer-reviewed journals on such topics as how rituals like silently counting to 10 before deciding what to eat can increase the likelihood of choosing healthier food, and how networking can make professionals feel dirty.



Thank You & Questions

